



Country: United States
Title: Gallup Poll # 953
Survey Organization: The Gallup Organization
Sponsor:
Field Dates: June 11-14, 1976
Sample: National Adult
Sample Size: 1,524
Sample Notes:
Interview method: Face to Face
Weight Location: Column 1
No. of records per respondent: 1

Usage Notes:

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AIPO # 953
June 8, 1976

N = 1524

ROPER CENTER - AIPO#953

SURVEY IDENTIFICATION

1. COUNTRY: UNITED STATES
2. TITLE: THE GALLUP POLL
3. DATE: JUNE 8, 1976
4. SURVEY NUMBER: AIPO#953
5. SURVEY ORGANIZATION: THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION
6. SPONSOR: LEADING REPUBLICAN, DEMOCRATIC
AND INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPERS
7. DUPLICATES AVAILABLE FROM
THE ROPER CENTER
BOX U-164R
UNIVERSITY OF CONNECTICUT
STORRS, CONNECTICUT 06268

SAMPLE INFORMATION

1. POPULATION UNIVERSE: ADULT CROSS-SECTION-NATIONAL
2. SAMPLING TECHNIQUE: MODIFIED PROBABILITY
3. SAMPLE SIZE; 1524
4. METHOD OF SAMPLING:
All Gallup polls since 1950, excluding certain special surveys, have been based on a national probability sample of interviewing areas. Refinements in the sample design have been introduced at various points in time since then. however, over this period the design in its essentials has conformed to the current procedure, as follows:
 1. The United States is divided into seven size-of-community strata: cities of population 1,000,000 and over; 250,000 to 999,999; and 50,000 to 249,999; with the urbanized areas of all these cities forming a single stratum; cities of 2,500 to 49,999; rural villages; and farm or open country rural areas.
 2. Within each of these strata; the population is further divided into seven regions: New England,

Middle Atlantic, East Central, West Central, South, Mountain, and Pacific Coast.

3. Within each size-of-community and regional stratum the population is arrayed in geographic order and zoned into equal-sized groups of sampling units.

4. In each zone, pairs of localities are selected with probability of selection proportional to the size of each locality's population--producing two replicated samples of localities.

5. Within selected cities for which population data are reported by census tracts or enumeration districts, these sample subdivisions are drawn with probability of selection proportional to the size of the population.

6. For other cities, minor civil divisions, and rural areas in the sample for which population data are not reported by census tracts or enumeration districts, small, definable geographic areas are drawn, with the probability of selection proportional to size where available data permit; otherwise with equal probability.

7. Within each subdivision selected for which block statistics are available, a block or block cluster is drawn with probability of selection proportional to the number of dwelling units.

8. In cities and towns for which block statistics are not available, blocks are drawn at random, that is, with equal probability.

9. In subdivisions that are rural or open country in character, segments approximately equal in size of population are delineated and drawn with equal probability.

10. In each cluster of blocks and each segment so selected, a randomly selected starting point is designated on the interviewer's map of the area. Starting at this point, interviewers are required to follow a given direction in the selection of households, taking households in sequence, until their assigned number of interviews has been completed.

11. Within each occupied dwelling unit or household reached, the interviewer asks to speak to the youngest man 18 or older at home, or if no man is at home, the oldest woman 18 or older. This method of selection within the household has been developed empirically to produce an age distribution by men and women separately which compares closely with the age distribution of the population. It increases the probability of selecting younger men, who are at home relatively infrequently, and the probability of reaching older women in the household who tend to

be under-represented unless given a disproportionate chance of being drawn from among those at home. The method of selection among those at home within the household is not strictly random, but it is systematic and objective and eliminates interviewer judgement in the selection process.

12. Interviewing is conducted at times when adults are most likely to be at home, which means on weekends or if on weekdays, after 4:00 P.M. for women and after 6:00 P.M. for men.

13. Allowance for persons not at home is made by a "TIMES-AT-HOME" weighting procedure rather than by "CALL-BACKS." This procedure is a standard method for reducing the sample bias that would otherwise result from under-representation of persons who are difficult to find at home.

14. The pre-stratification by regions is routinely implemented by fitting each obtained sample to the latest available census bureau estimates of the regional distribution of the population. Also minor adjustments of the sample are made by educational attainment (by men and women separately), based on the annual estimates of the census bureau derived from their current population survey. The sampling procedure described is designed to produce an approximation of the adult civilian population living in the United States, except for those persons in institutions such as prisons or hospitals

15. Percentages presented for each variable are weighted and exclude missing values. Frequencies

are unweighted and are given for all values.

5. Response data: Rporc response data file is in EBCDIC format on tape. Data have been cleaned and the final code is numeric (0-9). Stray punches have been recoded as the "NO CODE OR NO DATA" response. Tapes may be ordered according to the following options:
- A. 9 track - 800, 1600, 6250 BPI

VAR 1

NAME-WEIGHT

LOC 1

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE none

Weight

823 1.

391 2.

165 3.

145 4.

VAR 2

NAME-R REGIST VOTER?

LOC 2

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 5

Q1. Is your name now recorded in the registration book
of the precinct or election district where you now live?

69.6 1099 1. Yes

28.7 400 2. No

0.5 7 3. Don't have to register

1.3 18 4. Don't Know

VAR 3

NAME-DEM CAND PREFER

LOC 3

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 7

Q2. Here is a list of people who have been mentioned as
possible presidential candidates for the Democratic party
in 1976. Which one would you like to see nominated as the
Democratic candidate for President in 1976?

15.8 219 1. Governor Edmund Brown, Jr.

54.8 744 2. Jimmy Carter

3.2 54 3. Senator Frank Church

13.1 207 4. Senator Hubert Humphrey

5.2 80 5. Representative Morris Udall

7.9 120 6. Governor George Wallace

100 0. No Answer

VAR 4

NAME-CARTER/HUMPHREY

LOC 4

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 4

Q3. Suppose the choice for President in the Democratic convention this year narrows down to Jimmy Carter and Hubert Humphrey. Which one would you prefer to have the Democratic convention select?

60.6 905 1. Carter

28.8 462 2. Humphrey

10.7 157 3. Undecided/No Opinion

VAR 5

NAME-CARTER/BROWN

LOC 5

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 4

Q4. Suppose the choice for President in the Democratic convention this year narrows down to Jimmy Carter and Edmund Brown Jr. Which one would you prefer to have the Democratic convention select?

61.3 931 1. Carter

27.3 418 2. Brown

11.3 175 3. Undecided/No Opinion

VAR 6

NAME-FORD/REAGAN

LOC 6

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 4

Q5. Suppose the choice for President in the Republic convention this year narrows down to Gerald Ford and Ronald Reagan. Which one would you prefer to have the Republican convention select?

47.7 732 1. Ford

35.7 556 2. Reagan

16.6 236 3. Undecided/No Opinion

VAR 7

NAME-VOTE FORD/CARTER

LOC 7

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 5

Q6a. Suppose the presidential election were being held TODAY. If President Gerald Ford were the Republican candidate and Jimmy Carter were the Democratic candidate, which would you like to see win?

38.1 537 1. Ford
61.9 820 2. Carter
167 3. Other/Undecided

VAR 8

NAME-LEAN FORD/CARTER

LOC 8

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 5

If "OTHER or UNDECIDED" in Var 7, ask:

Q6b. As of today, do you lean more to Ford, the Republican, or to Carter, the Democrat?

15.7 28 1. Ford
12.7 24 2. Carter
20.4 34 3. Other
51.2 81 4. Undecided
1357 0. Not Applicable

VAR 9

NAME-VOTE REAGAN/HUMPHREY

LOC 9

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 5

Q7a. If Ronald Reagan were the Republican candidate and Senator Hubert Humphrey were the Democratic candidate, which would you like to see win?

48.7 661 1. Reagan
51.3 699 2. Humphrey
164 3. Other/Undecided

VAR 10

NAME-LEAN REAGAN/HUMPHREY

LOC 10

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 5

If "OTHER or UNDECIDED" in Var 9, ask:

Q7b. As of today, do you lean more to Reagan, the Republican, or to Humphrey, the Democrat?

13.0 24 1. Reagan
12.1 25 2. Humphrey
19.3 33 3. Other
55.6 82 4. Undecided
1360 0. Not Applicable

VAR 11

NAME-VOTE FORD/HUMPHREY

LOC 11

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 5

Q8a. If President Gerald Ford were the Republican candidate and Senator Hubert Humphrey were the Democratic candidate, which would you like to see win?

51.1 703 1. Ford
48.9 668 2. Humphrey
153 3. Other/Undecided

VAR 12

NAME-LEAN FORD/HUMPHREY

LOC 12

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 5

If "OTHER or UNDECIDED" in Var 11, ask:

Q8b. As of today, do you lean more to Ford, the Republican, or to Humphrey, the Democrat?

15.3 27 1. Ford
12.2 18 2. Humphrey
22.0 36 3. Other
50.5 72 4. Undecided
1371 0. Not Applicable

VAR 13

NAME-VOTE REAGAN/CARTER

LOC 13

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 5

Q9a. If Ronald Reagan were the Republican candidate and Jimmy Carter were the Democratic candidate, which would you like to see win?

32.4 457 1. Reagan

67.6 919 2. Carter

148 3. Other/Undecided

VAR 14

NAME-LEAN REAGAN/CARTER

LOC 14

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 5

If "OTHER or UNDECIDED" in Var 13, ask:

Q9b. As of today, do you lean more to Reagan, the Republican, or to Carter, the Democrat?

11.1 17 1. Reagan

13.4 20 2. Carter

14.1 26 3. Other

61.5 85 4. Undecided

1376 0. Not Applicable

VAR 15

NAME-RELIG BELIEFS IMPT

LOC 15

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 5

Q10. How important to you are your religious beliefs--very important, fairly important, not too important, or not at all important?

55.9 837 1. Very important

29.5 468 2. Fairly important

10.4 149 3. Not too important

4.2 65 4. Not at all

5 0. No Answer

VAR 16

NAME-NUCL POWER PLANTS

LOC 16

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 3

Q11a. Have you heard or read about the discussion
concerning the construction of nuclear power plants?

77.4 1209 1. Yes

22.6 310 2. No

5 0. No Answer

VAR 17

NAME-NUCL POWER IMPT

LOC 17

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 6

Q11b. In order to meet the future power needs of the
nation, how important do you feel it is to have more
nuclear power plants--extremely important, somewhat
important, not too important, or not at all important?

34.1 547 1. Extremely important

36.7 563 2. Somewhat important

10.3 148 3. Not too important

7.6 110 4. Not at all

11.3 156 5. No Opinion

VAR 18

NAME-POWER PLANTS SAFE?

LOC 18

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 4

Q11c. Do you feel that nuclear power plants operating
today are safe enough with the present safety regulations,
or do you feel that their operations should be cut back
until more strict regulations can be put into practice?

34.1 554 1. Safe enough

39.5 580 2. Cut back operations

26.4 390 3. Can't say

VAR 19

NAME-PLANTS IN RS AREA

LOC 19 WIDTH 1 MD = 0 or GE 4

Q11d. As of today, how do you feel about the construction of a nuclear power plant in this area--that is, within five miles of here? Would you be against the construction of such a plant in this area, or not?

- 45.2 675 1. Yes, would be against
- 42.3 672 2. No, wouldn't be against
- 12.5 177 3. No Opinion

VAR 20

NAME-APPR FORDS JOB?

LOC 20 WIDTH 1 MD = 0 or GE 4

Q12. Do you approve or disapprove of the way Ford is handling his job as President?

- 45.4 707 1. Approve
- 39.9 615 2. Disapprove
- 14.6 202 3. No Opinion

Q13. How would you rate the honesty and ethical standards of the people in these different fields--very high, high, average, low, or very low?

VAR 21

NAME-RATE-DOCTORS

LOC 21 WIDTH 1 MD = 0 or GE 6

Q13a. Medical doctors.

- 16.7 259 1. Very high
- 38.9 603 2. High
- 35.3 526 3. Average
- 6.4 93 4. Low
- 2.7 37 5. Very low
- 6 0. No Answer

VAR 22

NAME-RATE-ADVERTISING

LOC 22

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 6

Q13b. Advertising practitioners.

1.9	29	1. Very high
9.5	133	2. High
43.5	645	3. Average
29.8	452	4. Low
15.3	230	5. Very low
	35	0. No Answer

VAR 23

NAME-RATE-LAWYERS

LOC 23

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 6

Q13c. Lawyers.

5.9	89	1. Very high
18.9	261	2. High
48.1	751	3. Average
18.7	283	4. Low
8.4	121	5. Very low
	19	0. No Answer

VAR 24

NAME-RATE-CONGRESSMEN

LOC 24

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 6

Q13d. Congressmen.

2.8	42	1. Very high
11.7	166	2. High
47.5	734	3. Average
27.1	412	4. Low
10.9	154	5. Very low
	16	0. No Answer

VAR 25

NAME-RATE-BUSN EXECS

LOC 25 WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 6

Q13e. Business Executives.

2.9	46	1. Very high
16.9	251	2. High
59.0	891	3. Average
16.8	252	4. Low
4.4	56	5. Very low
	28	0. No Answer

VAR 26

NAME-RATE-JOURNALISTS

LOC 26 WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 6

Q13f. Journalists.

7.1	109	1. Very high
26.1	388	2. High
50.2	761	3. Average
13.6	190	4. Low
3.1	49	5. Very low
	27	0. No Answer

VAR 27

NAME-RATE-SENATORS

LOC 27 WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 6

Q13g. Senators.

3.2	47	1. Very high
15.8	225	2. High
51.2	804	3. Average
22.4	333	4. Low
7.4	94	5. Very low
	21	0. No Answer

VAR 28

NAME-RATE-UNION LEADERS

LOC 28

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 6

Q13h. Labor Union leaders.

2.5	40	1. Very high
10.3	154	2. High
38.3	562	3. Average
31.5	471	4. Low
17.4	267	5. Very low
	30	0. No Answer

VAR 29

NAME-RATE-CLG TEACHERS

LOC 29

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 6

Q13i. College teachers.

9.2	143	1. Very high
36.1	528	2. High
45.3	676	3. Average
7.4	101	4. Low
2.0	31	5. Very low
	45	0. No Answer

VAR 30

NAME-RATE-POLITICIANS

LOC 30

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 6

Q13j. Political office holders.

0.8	13	1. Very high
9.2	140	2. High
51.5	788	3. Average
27.9	427	4. Low
10.6	137	5. Very low
	19	0. No Answer

VAR 31

NAME-RATE-PSYCHIATRISTS

LOC 31 WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 6

Q13k. Psychiatrists.

4.9	82	1. Very high
25.2	345	2. High
55.4	797	3. Average
9.9	148	4. Low
4.6	64	5. Very low
	88	0. No Answer

VAR 32

NAME-RATE-ENGINEERS

LOC 32 WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 6

Q13l. Engineers.

10.4	147	1. Very high
39.9	601	2. High
44.9	656	3. Average
3.3	46	4. Low
1.4	15	5. Very low
	59	0. No Answer

VAR 33

NAME-RATE-CONTRACTORS

LOC 33 WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 6

Q13m. Building contractors.

4.8	66	1. Very high
18.0	262	2. High
55.6	846	3. Average
18.0	273	4. Low
3.6	52	5. Very low
	25	0. No Answer

VAR 34

NAME-ATTND CHURCH THIS WK

LOC 34

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 3

Q14. Did you, yourself, happen to attend church in the last seven days?

42.5 645 1. Yes

57.5 872 2. No

7 0. No Answer

VAR 35

NAME-FORD RGHT PRDN NIXON?

LOC 35

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 4

Q15. As you may know, President Ford granted Richard Nixon, a pardon from criminal charges arising out of Watergate. Do you think Ford did the right thing or the wrong thing in granting Nixon a pardon?

35.1 565 1. Right thing

55.0 824 2. Wrong thing

9.9 135 3. No Opinion

VAR 36

NAME-R VOTE IN PRIMARY

LOC 36

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 5

Q16a. In the presidential primary elections held this year, did things come up which kept you from voting, or did you happen to vote?

38.7 629 1. Yes, voted

49.4 706 2. No, didn't vote

11.0 177 3. No, state didn't have primary

0.9 12 4. Don't remember

VAR 37

NAME-DIDNT VOTE PRIMARY 1
LOC 37 WIDTH 2 MD = 00 or GE 36

If "NO, DIDN'T VOTE" in Var 36, ask:

Q16b. What was it that kept you from voting?
(See Note 1)

VAR 38

NAME-DIDNT VOTE PRIMARY 2
LOC 39 WIDTH 1 MD = 0 or GE 5

If "NO, DIDN'T VOTE" in Var 36, ask:

Q16b. What was it that kept you from voting?

7.1	6	1.	Did not want to affiliate with any party
22.2	16	2.	Do not believe in primary system
36.5	29	3.	Miscellaneous
34.1	19	4.	Don't Know
	1454	0.	No Answer/Not Applicable

VAR 39

NAME-POLITICAL IDEOLOGY
LOC 40 WIDTH 2 MD = 00 or GE 11

Q17. This card lists political positions from the far left to the far right. Considering your own political views, where would you place yourself on this scale?

2.1	29	01.	Far left
3.5	50	02.	Substantially left of center
10.1	152	03.	Moderately left of center
9.9	158	04.	Just slightly left of center
19.0	313	05.	Just slightly right of center
17.6	276	06.	Moderately right of center
4.9	74	07.	Substantially right of center
4.3	69	08.	Far right
13.4	184	09.	Middle of the road (Volunteered)
15.3	219	10.	Don't Know

VAR 40

NAME-PARTY ID

LOC 42

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 5

Q124. In politics, as of today, do you consider yourself
a Republican, Democrat, or Independent?

21.7	346	1.	Republican
47.5	704	2.	Democrat
30.4	448	3.	Independent
0.5	9	4.	Other party
	17	0.	No Answer

VAR 41

NAME-LEAN IF INDEPT

LOC 43

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 4

If "INDEPENDENT" in Var 40, ask:

Q124b. As of today, would you say you lean more to the
Democratic party or to the Republican party?

48.0	200	1.	Democratic
24.6	111	2.	Republican
27.4	112	3.	Don't Know
	1076	4.	Not Applicable
	25	0.	No Answer

VAR 42

NAME-RS RELIGION

LOC 44

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 7

Q129a. What is your religious preference--Protestant,
Catholic, or Jewish?

60.4	915	1.	Protestant
27.3	418	2.	Roman Catholic
3.0	51	3.	Jewish
0.4	7	4.	Eastern Orthodox
3.1	45	5.	Other
5.8	81	6.	None
	7	0.	No Answer

VAR 43

NAME-JOB OF C.W.E.

LOC 45

WIDTH 2

MD = 12 or GE 12

Q130. Could you tell me the kind of business or industry the CHIEF WAGE EARNER in your immediate family works in and the kind of work he does there?

11.3	190	00.	Professional
2.6	38	01.	Farmers
12.5	196	02.	Business, Executive
7.5	104	03.	Clerical
3.9	61	04.	Sales workers
18.0	268	05.	Skilled workers
12.8	176	06.	Unskilled workers, Operatives
6.6	93	07.	Service workers
0.5	5	08.	Farm laborers
3.2	45	09.	Laborers, except farm and mine
18.4	302	10.	Non-labor force
2.8	46	11.	Undesignated

VAR 44

NAME-LAST GRADE COMPL

LOC 47

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 9

Q137. What was the last grade or class you COMPLETED in school?

3.5	48	1.	None or grades 1-4
4.4	63	2.	Grades 5, 6, 7
8.0	116	3.	Grade 8
14.9	218	4.	High school including grades 9-11
33.1	477	5.	High school graduate, grade 12
6.7	88	6.	Technical, Trade, or Business
16.2	287	7.	College, University incomplete
13.1	224	8.	College, University graduate
	3	0.	No Answer

VAR 45

NAME-ACTUAL AGE

LOC 48

WIDTH 2

MD = 00 or GE none

Q139. And what is your age?

Actual age coded

10 00. No Answer

VAR 46

NAME-DECILE AGE

LOC 50

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE none

Decile age

5.2 65 1. 18-19

23.6 343 2. 20-29

18.7 276 3. 30-39

14.8 221 4. 40-49

16.2 252 5. 50-59

12.3 208 6. 60-69

6.3 104 7. 70-79

2.7 43 8. 80-89

0.1 2 9. 90-99

10 0. No Answer

VAR 47

NAME-UNION MEMBERSHIP

LOC 51

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 5

Q140. Are you, or is your husband/wife, a member of a labor union?

14.6 227 1. Yes, respondent is

9.8 131 2. Yes, spouse is

1.2 22 3. Yes, both are

74.5 1104 4. Neither is

40 0. No Answer

VAR 48

NAME-RACE-SEX

LOC 52

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 7

Q141. Actual Race-Sex

42.6	694	1.	White man
46.9	676	2.	White woman
3.8	61	3.	Black man
5.5	78	4.	Black woman
0.6	8	5.	Other man
0.6	7	6.	Other woman

VAR 49

NAME-TOTAL ANNUAL INCOME

LOC 53

WIDTH 2

MD = 12 or GE 12

Q143a. Would you please give me the letter of the group which best represents the total annual income, before taxes, of all the members of your immediate family living in your household?

3.3	42	01.	Under \$2,000 a year
3.5	51	02.	\$2,000 to \$2,999 a year
4.6	61	03.	\$3,000 to \$3,999 a year
4.7	70	04.	\$4,000 to \$4,999 a year
4.5	71	05.	\$5,000 to \$5,999 a year
5.6	79	06.	\$6,000 to \$6,999 a year
11.4	157	07.	\$7,000 to \$9,999 a year
10.2	138	08.	\$10,000 to \$11,999 a year
13.7	206	09.	\$12,000 to \$14,999 a year
16.7	259	10.	\$15,000 to \$19,999 a year
21.7	339	11.	\$20,000 and more a year
	51	12.	No Answer

VAR 50

NAME-CITY SIZE

LOC 55

WIDTH 2

MD = 13 or GE 13

City size

	0	01.	Farm resident
21.1	315	02.	Open country, non-farm
5.1	78	03.	Places under 2,500
0.7	9	04.	2,500 to 4,999
2.9	48	05.	5,000 to 9,999
7.1	104	06.	10,000 to 24,999
5.5	90	07.	25,000 to 49,999
7.8	119	08.	50,000 to 99,999 and sub.
11.2	165	09.	100,000 to 249,999 and sub.
7.0	107	10.	250,000 to 499,999 and sub.
12.1	192	11.	500,000 to 999,999 and sub.
19.5	297	12.	1,000,000 and over and sub.

VAR 51

NAME-SECTION

LOC 57

WIDTH 1

MD = 0 or GE 9

Section

5.2	84	1.	New England
21.9	358	2.	Middle Atlantic
18.3	290	3.	East Central
9.0	148	4.	West Central
19.4	285	5.	South
8.5	124	6.	South West
2.8	40	7.	Rocky Mountain
14.9	195	8.	Pacific

VAR 52

NAME-STATE

LOC 58

WIDTH 2

MD = 00 or GE none

State

0.4	5	11.	Maine	0.9	15	48.	Kansas
0.3	5	12.	New Hampshire	3.0	43	51.	Virginia
0.2	5	13.	Vermont	2.3	34	52.	No. Carolina
2.6	42	14.	Massachusetts	1.7	23	53.	So. Carolina
0.4	7	15.	Rhode Island	3.4	45	54.	Georgia
1.3	20	16.	Connecticut	3.5	57	55.	Florida
8.3	144	21.	New York	1.2	18	56.	Kentucky
3.4	54	22.	New Jersey	2.3	30	57.	Tennessee
6.5	99	23.	Pennsylvania	0.9	15	58.	Alabama
3.1	49	24.	Maryland	1.2	20	59.	Mississippi
0.6	9	26.	West Virginia	0.9	10	61.	Arkansas
0.1	3	27.	Dist. of Columbia	1.4	25	62.	Louisiana
4.7	77	31.	Ohio	0.7	10	63.	Oklahoma
4.8	79	32.	Michigan	5.5	79	64.	Texas
3.2	48	33.	Indiana	0.7	8	72.	Arizona
5.6	86	34.	Illinois	0.8	17	73.	Colorado
1.8	34	41.	Wisconsin	0.6	5	74.	Idaho
1.3	21	42.	Minnesota	0.3	5	76.	Utah
2.2	30	43.	Iowa	0.4	5	78.	New Mexico
1.3	24	44.	Missouri	11.5	147	81.	California
0.9	10	45.	North Dakota	1.0	14	82.	Oregon
0.7	14	47.	Nebraska	2.0	30	83.	Washington
				0.4	4	84.	Hawaii

NOTES

This section includes documentation on all multiple response variables that were originally multiply punched into a single card column. In other words, each respondent possibly gave two or more answers to these particular questions.

A program, developed by the Social Science Data Center at the University of Connecticut, named STAR (Spray, Translate

x-Ray and Recode) was employed to create new codes for each

multiple-punch combination that existed. Thus, each multiply

punched question has a recode table after the original code definitions where each row in the table displays a new code assigned to the variable for a particular punch combination.

i.e. the following is part of a recode table:

	New Response	Old Response(s)	Marginal Counts
Line 1	0	Missing Data	5
Line 2	7	0,2,3,8,	12

In the above example line 1 gives the count for all the code combinations that were considered missing data, these codes were assigned a new response of 0. Line 2 shows that the code of 7 for this variable now represents the multiple punch combination 0,2,3,8 and that 12 of these occurred.

NOTE 1

Q16b. What was it that kept you/him/her, from voting?

New Response	Old Response(s)	Marginal Counts
0	Missing Data	881
1	5,	102
2	& ,	13
3	2,	157
4	5,9,	4
5	1,	3
6	0,	103
7	2,7,	17
8	0,2,	8
9	3,	45
10	4,	60
11	9,	26
12	8,	32
13	7,	24
14	0,7,	1

15	0,9,	6
16	3,8,	1
17	2,8,	3
18	-,	9
19	0,5,	1
20	-,4,	1
21	2,3,	1
22	2,4,	5
23	2,9,	5
24	1,2,	1
25	2,7,8,	1
26	6,	4
27	3,9,	1
28	0,2,9,	1
29	5,8,	2
30	-,8,	1
31	4,6,	1
32	-,2,	1
33	-,9,	1
34	3,4,	1
35	-,5,	1